



## 62 - THE VIRTUES AND THE MERITS OF THE COMPANIONS OF THE PROPHET ﷺ

## ٦٢ - كتاب فضائل أصحاب النبي ﷺ

(1) CHAPTER. The virtues of the Companions of the Prophet ﷺ, and any Muslim who enjoyed the company of the Prophet ﷺ or saw him, is regarded as one of his Companions.

(١) بَابُ فَضَائِلِ أَصْحَابِ النَّبِيِّ ﷺ، وَمَنْ صَحِبَ النَّبِيَّ ﷺ أَوْ رَأَهُ مِنَ الْمُسْلِمِينَ فَهُوَ مِنْ أَصْحَابِهِ

3649. Narrated Abū Sa'īd Al-Khudrī رضي الله عنه: Allāh's Messenger ﷺ said, "A time will come upon the people, when a group of people will fight a holy battle and it will be said, 'Is there amongst you anyone who has enjoyed the company of Allāh's Messenger ﷺ?' They will say, 'Yes.' And so victory will be bestowed on them. Then a time will come upon the people when a group of people will fight a holy battle, and it will be said, 'Is there amongst you anyone who has enjoyed the company of the Companions of Allāh's Messenger ﷺ?' They will say, 'Yes.' And so victory will be bestowed on them. Then a time will come upon the people when a group of people will fight a holy battle, and it will be said, 'Is there amongst you anyone who has enjoyed the company of the companions of the Companions of Allāh's Messenger ﷺ?' They will say, 'Yes.' And victory will be bestowed on them."

[See Vol.4, *Hadith* No.3594]

٣٦٤٩ - حَدَّثَنَا عَلِيُّ بْنُ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ: حَدَّثَنَا سُفْيَانُ، عَنْ عَمْرِو قَالَ: سَمِعْتُ جَابِرَ بْنَ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ يَقُولُ: حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو سَعِيدٍ الْخُدْرِيُّ قَالَ: قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ: «يَأْتِي عَلَى النَّاسِ زَمَانٌ فَيَغْزَوُ فِتْنَامٌ مِنَ النَّاسِ فَيَقُولُونَ: فِيكُمْ مَنْ صَاحَبَ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ ﷺ؟ فَيَقُولُونَ لَهُمْ: نَعَمْ، فَيَفْتَحُ لَهُمْ. ثُمَّ يَأْتِي عَلَى النَّاسِ زَمَانٌ فَيَغْزَوُ فِتْنَامٌ مِنَ النَّاسِ فَيَقُولُونَ: هَلْ فِيكُمْ مَنْ صَاحَبَ أَصْحَابَ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ ﷺ؟ فَيَقُولُونَ: نَعَمْ، فَيَفْتَحُ لَهُمْ. ثُمَّ يَأْتِي عَلَى النَّاسِ زَمَانٌ فَيَغْزَوُ فِتْنَامٌ مِنَ النَّاسِ فَيَقُولُونَ: هَلْ فِيكُمْ مَنْ صَاحَبَ مَنْ صَاحَبَ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ ﷺ؟ فَيَقُولُونَ: نَعَمْ، فَيَفْتَحُ لَهُمْ». [راجع:

[٢٨٩٧

3650. Narrated 'Imrān bin Huṣayn رضي الله عنهما: Allāh's Messenger ﷺ said, "The best of my followers are those living in my century (generation), then those coming after them and then those coming after the latter". 'Imrān added, "I do not remember whether

٣٦٥٠ - حَدَّثَنَا إِسْحَاقُ: حَدَّثَنَا النَّضْرُ: أَخْبَرَنَا شُعْبَةُ، عَنْ أَبِي جَمْرَةَ: سَمِعْتُ زَهْدَمَ ابْنَ مُضَرَّبٍ قَالَ: سَمِعْتُ عِمْرَانَ بْنَ حُصَيْنٍ

he mentioned two or three centuries (generations) after his century (generation), then the Prophet ﷺ added, "There will come after you, people who will bear witness without being asked to give witness, and they will be dishonest and not trustworthy, and they will vow and will not fulfil their vows; and fatness will appear among them."

[See Vol. 3, *Hadith* No.2651].

3651. Narrated 'Abdullāh عنه رضي الله عنه: The Prophet ﷺ said, "The best amongst the people are those living in my century (generation), and then those coming after them, and then those coming after the latter. Then there will come some people whose witness will precede their oaths, and their oaths will precede their witness."<sup>(1)</sup> (Ibrāhīm, a subnarrator said, "We were beaten for taking oaths by saying: 'I bear witness by the Name of Allāh' or 'by the Covenant of Allāh', when we were still children.")

[See Vol. 3, footnote of *Hadith* No.2652]

## (2) CHAPTER. The virtues of the emigrants (i.e., *Muhājirūn*) and their merits.

Among them is Abū Bakr 'Abdullāh bin Abū Quhāfa At-Taimi.

The Statement of Allāh تعالى:

"(And there is also a share in this booty) for the poor emigrants who were expelled from their homes and their property, seeking bounties from Allāh and to please Him. And helping Allāh (i.e. helping His religion — Islamic Monothesis), and his Messenger (Muhammad ﷺ) such are indeed the truthful (to what they say)." (V.59:8)

رَضِيَ اللهُ عَنْهُمَا يَقُولُ: قَالَ رَسُولُ اللهِ ﷺ: «خَيْرُ أُمَّتِي قَرْنِي ثُمَّ الَّذِينَ يَلُونَهُمْ ثُمَّ الَّذِينَ يَلُونَهُمْ». قَالَ عِمْرَانُ: فَلَا أَدْرِي أَذْكَرَ بَعْدَ قَرْنِي قَرْنَيْنِ أَوْ ثَلَاثَةٍ. «ثُمَّ إِنَّ بَعْدَكُمْ قَوْمًا يَشْهَدُونَ وَلَا يُسْتَشْهَدُونَ، وَيُحْسِنُونَ وَلَا يُؤْتَمَنُونَ، وَيَنْذَرُونَ وَلَا يَقُونَ، وَيُظَاهَرُ فِيهِمُ السَّمَنُ». [راجع: ٢٦٥١]

٣٦٥١ - حَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ كَثِيرٍ: أَخْبَرَنَا سُفْيَانُ، عَنْ مَنْصُورٍ، عَنْ إِبْرَاهِيمَ، عَنْ عُبَيْدَةَ، عَنْ عَبْدِ اللهِ رَضِيَ اللهُ عَنْهُ: أَنَّ النَّبِيَّ ﷺ قَالَ: «خَيْرُ النَّاسِ قَرْنِي ثُمَّ الَّذِينَ يَلُونَهُمْ ثُمَّ الَّذِينَ يَلُونَهُمْ. ثُمَّ يَجِيءُ قَوْمٌ تَسْبِقُ شَهَادَةُ أَحَدِهِمْ يَمِينَهُ وَيَبِينُهُ شَهَادَتُهُ». قَالَ قَالَ إِبْرَاهِيمُ: وَكَانُوا يَضْرِبُونَنا عَلَى الشَّهَادَةِ وَالْعَهْدِ وَنَحْنُ صِغَارٌ.

[راجع: ٢٦٥٢]

## (٢) بَابُ مَنَاقِبِ الْمُهَاجِرِينَ وَقَضَائِهِمْ

مِنْهُمْ أَبُو بَكْرٍ عَبْدُ اللهِ بْنُ أَبِي قُحَافَةَ التَّيْمِيُّ رَضِيَ اللهُ عَنْهُ. وَقَوْلُ اللهِ عَزَّ وَجَلَّ: ﴿لِلْفُقَرَاءِ الْمُهَاجِرِينَ الَّذِينَ أُخْرِجُوا مِنْ دِيَارِهِمْ وَأَمْوَالِهِمْ يَبْتَغُونَ فَضْلًا مِنَ اللهِ وَرِضْوَانًا وَيَصْرُونَ لِلَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ أُولَئِكَ هُمُ الصَّادِقُونَ﴾ [الحشر: ٨]. وَقَالَ اللهُ تَعَالَى: ﴿وَالَّذِينَ نَصَرُوهُ فَقَدْ نَصَرَهُ اللهُ﴾ الآية

(1) (H. 3651) They will be ready to bear witness or take oaths (falsely) readily as required.

And also the Statement of Allāh تعالى:

“If you help him (Muhammad ﷺ) not (it does not matter), for Allāh did indeed help him... (till the end of the Verse).” (V.9:40)

رضي الله عنه said, “Abū Bakr was with the Prophet ﷺ in the cave (of the mountain called Ath-Thūr at Makkah).”

3652. Narrated Al-Barā': Abū Bakr رضي الله عنه bought a (camel) saddle from 'Azib for thirteen Dirham. Abū Bakr said to 'Azib, “Tell Al-Barā' to carry the saddle for me.” 'Azib said, “No, unless you relate to me what happened to you and Allāh's Messenger ﷺ when you left Makkah while *Al-Mushrikūn* were in search of you.” Abū Bakr said, “We left Makkah and we travelled continuously for that night and the following day till it was midday. I looked (around) searching for shade to take as shelter, and suddenly I came across a rock, and found a little shade there. So I cleaned the place and spread a bed for the Prophet ﷺ in the shade and said to him, ‘Lie down, O Allāh's Messenger.’ So the Prophet ﷺ lay down and I went out, looking around to see if there was any person pursuing us. Suddenly I saw a shepherd driving his sheep towards the rock, seeking what we had already sought from it. I asked him, ‘To whom do you belong, O boy?’ He said, ‘I belong to a man from Quraish.’ He named the man and I recognized him. I asked him, ‘Is there any milk with your sheep?’ He said, ‘Yes.’ I said, ‘Will you then milk (some) for us?’ He said, ‘Yes.’ Then I asked him to tie the legs of one of the ewe and clean its udder, and then ordered him to clean his hands from dust. Then the shepherd cleaned his hands by striking his hands against one another. After doing so, he milked a small amount of milk. I used to

[التوبة: ٤٠]. وَقَالَتْ عَائِشَةُ وَأَبُو سَعِيدٍ وَابْنُ عَبَّاسٍ رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمْ: كَانَ أَبُو بَكْرٍ مَعَ النَّبِيِّ ﷺ فِي الْغَارِ.

٣٦٥٢ - حَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ اللَّهِ بْنُ رَجَاءٍ: حَدَّثَنَا إِسْرَائِيلُ، عَنْ أَبِي إِسْحَاقَ، عَنِ الْبَرَاءِ قَالَ: اشْتَرَى أَبُو بَكْرٍ رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ مِنْ عَازِبٍ رَحْلًا بِثَلَاثَةِ عَشَرَ دِرْهَمًا. فَقَالَ أَبُو بَكْرٍ لِعَازِبٍ: مُرِ الْبَرَاءَ فَلْيَحْمِلْ إِلَيَّ رَحْلِي، فَقَالَ عَازِبٌ: لَا، حَتَّى تُحَدِّثَنَا كَيْفَ صَنَعْتَ أَنْتَ وَرَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ حِينَ خَرَجْتُمَا مِنْ مَكَّةَ وَالْمُشْرِكُونَ يَطْلُبُونَكُمْ؟ قَالَ: ارْتَحَلْنَا مِنْ مَكَّةَ، فَأَحْيَيْنَا أَوْ سَرَيْنَا لَيْلَتَنَا وَيَوْمَنَا حَتَّى أَظْهَرْنَا وَقَامَ قَائِمُ الظَّهِيرَةِ فَرَمَيْتُ بِبَصْرِي هَلْ أَرَى مِنْ ظِلٍّ فَأَوَيْتُ إِلَيْهِ؟ فَإِذَا صَخْرَةٌ أَتَيْتُهَا، فَظَلْتُ بِبَيْتِهِ ظِلًّا لَهَا فَسَوَّيْتُهُ ثُمَّ فَرَشْتُ لِلنَّبِيِّ ﷺ فِيهِ ثُمَّ قُلْتُ لَهُ: اضْطَجِعْ يَا نَبِيَّ اللَّهِ، فَاضْطَجَعَ النَّبِيُّ ﷺ، ثُمَّ انْطَلَقْتُ أَنْظُرُ مَا حَوْلِي هَلْ أَرَى مِنَ الطَّلَبِ أَحَدًا؟ فَإِذَا أَنَا بِرَاعِي غَنَمٍ يَسُوقُ غَنَمَهُ إِلَى الصَّخْرَةِ، يُرِيدُ مِنْهَا الَّذِي أَرَدْنَا فَسَأَلْتُهُ فَقُلْتُ لَهُ: لِمَنْ أَنْتَ يَا غَلَامٌ؟ فَقَالَ: لِرَجُلٍ مِنْ

keep for Allāh's Messenger ﷺ a leather water-container, the mouth of which was covered with a piece of cloth. I poured water on the milk container till its lower part was cold. Then I took the milk to the Prophet ﷺ, whom I found awake. I said to him, 'Drink, O Allāh's Messenger.' So he drank till I became pleased. Then I said, 'It is time for us to move, O Allāh's Messenger!' He said, 'Yes.' So we set out while the people (i.e., Quraish *Mushrikūn*) were searching for us, but none found us except Surāqa bin Mālik bin Ju'shum who was riding his horse. I said, 'These are our pursuers who have found us, O Allāh's Messenger!' He said, 'Do not be sad (or afraid), surely, Allāh is with us.'

[See Vol. 4, *Hadith* No.3615].

فَرَيْسٍ، سَمَاهُ فَعَرَفْتُهُ فَقُلْتُ: هَلْ فِي غَنَمِكَ مِنْ لَبَنٍ؟ قَالَ: نَعَمْ، قُلْتُ: فَهَلْ أَنْتَ حَالِبٌ لَنَا؟ قَالَ: نَعَمْ، فَأَمَرْتُهُ فَاغْتَقَلَ شَاءَ مِنْ غَنَمِي، ثُمَّ أَمَرْتُهُ أَنْ يَنْفُضَ ضَرْعَهَا مِنَ الْغُبَارِ، ثُمَّ أَمَرْتُهُ أَنْ يَنْفُضَ كَفَيْهِ فَقَالَ هَكَذَا ضَرَبَ إِحْدَى كَفَيْهِ بِالْأُخْرَى فَحَلَبَ لِي كُتْبَةً مِنْ لَبَنٍ وَقَدْ جَعَلْتُ لِرَسُولِ اللَّهِ ﷺ إِدَاوَةً عَلَى فَمِهَا خِرْقَةٌ فَصَبَّيْتُ عَلَى اللَّبَنِ حَتَّى بَرَدَ أَسْفَلُهُ، فَاَنْطَلَقْتُ بِهِ إِلَى النَّبِيِّ ﷺ فَوَافَقْتُهُ قَدْ اسْتَيْقَظَ، فَقُلْتُ لَهُ: اشْرَبْ يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ، فَشَرِبَ حَتَّى رَضِيْتُ، ثُمَّ قُلْتُ: قَدْ آَنَّ الرَّحِيلُ يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ؟ قَالَ: «بلى»، فَارْتَحَلْنَا وَالْقَوْمُ يَطْلُبُونَنَا فَلَمْ يُدْرِكْنَا أَحَدٌ مِنْهُمْ غَيْرُ سُرَاقَةَ بْنِ مَالِكِ بْنِ جُعْشَمٍ عَلَى فَرَسٍ لَهُ، فَقُلْتُ: هَذَا الطَّلَبُ قَدْ لَحِقَنَا يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ، فَقَالَ: «لَا تَحْزَنْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ مَعَنَا».

﴿تَرْمِضُونَ﴾ بِالْعَشِيِّ ﴿فَتَرْحُونَ﴾ [النحل]:

[٦] بِالْغِدَاةِ. [راجع: ٢٤٣٩]

3653. Narrated Abū Bakr رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ: I said to the Prophet ﷺ while I was in the cave, "If any of them should look under his feet, he would see us." He said, "O Abū Bakr! What do you think of two (persons) the third of whom is Allāh?"

٣٦٥٣ - حَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ سَيْنَانَ: حَدَّثَنَا هَمَّامٌ، عَنْ ثَابِتِ الْبُنَائِيِّ، عَنْ أَنَسٍ، عَنْ أَبِي بَكْرٍ رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ قَالَ: «قُلْتُ لِلنَّبِيِّ ﷺ وَأَنَا فِي الْغَارِ: لَوْ أَنَّ أَحَدَهُمْ نَظَرَ تَحْتَ قَدَمِيهِ لَأَبْصَرَنَا فَقَالَ: مَا ظَنُّكَ يَا أَبَا بَكْرٍ بَاتْنَيْنِ اللَّهُ

تَالِئُهُمَا؟» [انظر: ٣٩٢٢، ٤٦٦٣]

(3) CHAPTER. The saying of the Prophet ﷺ, "Close the gates (in the Mosque), except the gate of Abū Bakr."

This is narrated by Ibn 'Abbās on the authority of the Prophet ﷺ.

3654. Narrated Abū Sa'īd Al-Khudrī رضي الله عنه: Allāh's Messenger ﷺ addressed the people saying, "Allāh gave a choice to one of (His) slave to choose this world or what is with Him. The slave chose what is with Allāh." Abū Bakr wept, and we were astonished at his weeping caused by what the Prophet ﷺ mentioned as to a slave (of Allāh) who had been offered a choice, (we learned later on) that Allāh's Messenger ﷺ himself was the person who was given the choice, and that Abū Bakr knew more than us. Allāh's Messenger ﷺ added, "Abū Bakr has favoured me much with his company and property (wealth) more than anybody else. If I were to take a *Khalīl*<sup>(1)</sup> other than my Lord, I would have taken Abū Bakr, but the Islāmic brotherhood and friendship is sufficient. Close all the gates in the mosque except the gate of Abū Bakr."

[See Vol. 1, *Hādith* No. 466]

(4) CHAPTER. The merits of Abū Bakr as next to those of the Prophet ﷺ (in excellence).

3655. Narrated Ibn 'Umar رضي الله عنهما: We used to compare the people as to who was better during the lifetime of Allāh's

(٣) بَابُ قَوْلِ النَّبِيِّ ﷺ: «سُدُّوا  
الْأَبْوَابَ إِلَّا بَابَ أَبِي بَكْرٍ»  
قَالَ ابْنُ عَبَّاسٍ عَنِ النَّبِيِّ ﷺ.

٣٦٥٤ - حَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ اللَّهِ بْنُ  
مُحَمَّدٍ: حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو عَامِرٍ: حَدَّثَنَا فُلَيْحٌ  
قَالَ: حَدَّثَنِي سَالِمُ أَبُو النَّضْرِ، عَنْ  
بُسْرِ بْنِ سَعِيدٍ، عَنْ أَبِي سَعِيدِ  
الْخُدْرِيِّ رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ قَالَ: خَطَبَ  
رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ النَّاسَ وَقَالَ: «إِنَّ اللَّهَ  
خَيَّرَ عَبْدًا بَيْنَ الدُّنْيَا وَبَيْنَ مَا عِنْدَهُ  
فَاخْتَارَ ذَلِكَ الْعَبْدُ مَا عِنْدَ اللَّهِ». قَالَ:  
فَبَكَى أَبُو بَكْرٍ فَعَجِبْنَا لِبُكَائِهِ أَنْ يُحِبَرَ  
رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ عَنْ عَبْدِ خَيْرٍ، فَكَانَ  
رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ هُوَ الْمُخَيَّرُ وَكَانَ أَبُو  
بَكْرٍ أَعْلَمَنَا، فَقَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ:  
«إِنَّ أَمْرَ النَّاسِ عَلَيَّ فِي صُحْبَتِهِ وَمَالِهِ  
أَبُو بَكْرٍ، وَلَوْ كُنْتُ مُتَّخِذًا خَلِيلًا غَيْرَ  
رَبِّي لَاتَّخَذْتُ أَبَا بَكْرٍ خَلِيلًا، وَلَكِنْ  
أُخُوَّةُ الْإِسْلَامِ وَمَوَدَّتُهُ لَا يَبْقَيْنَ فِي  
الْمَسْجِدِ بَابٌ إِلَّا سُدَّ إِلَّا بَابَ أَبِي  
بَكْرٍ». [راجع: ٤٦٦]

(٤) بَابُ فَضْلِ أَبِي بَكْرٍ بَعْدَ النَّبِيِّ ﷺ

٣٦٥٥ - حَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ الْعَزِيزِ بْنُ  
عَبْدِ اللَّهِ: حَدَّثَنَا سُلَيْمَانُ، عَنْ يَحْيَى

(1) (H. 3654) *Khalīl*: This word in Arabic means the one whose love is mixed with one's soul, it is superior than a friend or a beloved. The Prophet ﷺ had only one *Khalīl* i.e., Allāh but he had many friends.

Messenger ﷺ. We used to regard Abū Bakr as the best, then ‘Umar, and then ‘Uthmān (رَضِيَ اللهُ عَنْهُمْ).

بِنِ سَعِيدٍ، عَنْ نَافِعٍ، عَنِ ابْنِ عُمَرَ رَضِيَ اللهُ عَنْهُمَا قَالَ: كُنَّا نُحْيِرُ بَيْنَ النَّاسِ فِي زَمَانِ رَسُولِ اللهِ ﷺ، فَنُحْيِرُ أَبَا بَكْرٍ ثُمَّ عُمَرَ ثُمَّ عُثْمَانَ رَضِيَ اللهُ عَنْهُمْ. [انظر: ٣٦٩٨]

(5) CHAPTER. The saying of the Prophet ﷺ: “If I were to take a Khalil...”

(٥) بَابُ قَوْلِ النَّبِيِّ ﷺ: «لَوْ كُنْتُ مُتَّخِذًا خَلِيلًا»

This is said by Abū Sa‘īd.

3656. Narrated Ibn ‘Abbās رَضِيَ اللهُ عَنْهُمَا: The Prophet ﷺ said, “If I were to take a Khalil, I would have taken Abū Bakr, but he is my brother and my companion (in Islām).”

قَالَ أَبُو سَعِيدٍ. حَدَّثَنَا مُسْلِمُ بْنُ أَبِرَاهِيمَ: حَدَّثَنَا وَهَيْبٌ: حَدَّثَنَا أَيُّوبُ، عَنْ عِكْرِمَةَ، عَنِ ابْنِ عَبَّاسٍ رَضِيَ اللهُ عَنْهُمَا عَنِ النَّبِيِّ ﷺ قَالَ: «لَوْ كُنْتُ مُتَّخِذًا خَلِيلًا لَاتَّخَذْتُ أَبَا بَكْرٍ وَلَكِنْ أَخِي وَصَاحِبِي». [راجع: ٤٦٧]

3657. Narrated Ayyūb: The Prophet ﷺ said, “If I were to take a Khalil, I would have taken him (i.e., Abū Bakr) as a Khalil, but the Islāmic brotherhood is better.”

3٦٥٧ - حَدَّثَنَا مُعَلَّى بْنُ أَسَدٍ وَمُوسَى بْنُ إِسْمَاعِيلَ التَّبُوكِيُّ قَالَا: حَدَّثَنَا وَهَيْبٌ، عَنْ أَيُّوبَ، وَقَالَ: «لَوْ كُنْتُ مُتَّخِذًا خَلِيلًا لَاتَّخَذْتُهُ خَلِيلًا، وَلَكِنْ أَخُوهُ الْإِسْلَامِ أَفْضَلُ». [راجع: ٤٦٧]

Narrated Ayyūb as above.

حَدَّثَنَا قُتَيْبَةُ: حَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ الْوَهَّابِ، عَنْ أَيُّوبَ مِثْلَهُ.

3658. Narrated ‘Abdullāh bin Abū Mulaika: The people of Kūfa sent a letter to Ibn Az-Zubair, asking about (the inheritance of) (paternal) grandfather. He replied that the right of the inheritance of (paternal) grandfather is the same as that of father if the father is dead, and added, “Allāh’s Messenger ﷺ said, ‘If I were to take

3٦٥٨ - حَدَّثَنَا سُلَيْمَانُ بْنُ حَرْبٍ: أَخْبَرَنَا حَمَّادُ بْنُ زَيْدٍ، عَنْ أَيُّوبَ، عَنْ عَبْدِ اللهِ ابْنِ أَبِي مُلَيْكَةَ قَالَ: كَتَبَ أَهْلُ الْكُوفَةِ إِلَى ابْنِ الزُّبَيْرِ فِي الْجَدِّ فَقَالَ: أَمَا الَّذِي قَالَ رَسُولُ

a *Khalil* from this nation, I would have taken him (i.e., Abū Bakr).”

**3659.** Narrated Jubair bin Mu‘im رَضِيَ اللهُ عَنْهُ: A woman came to the Prophet ﷺ who ordered her to return to him again. She said, “What if I came and did not find you?” as if she wanted to say, “If I found you dead?” The Prophet ﷺ said, “If you should not find me, go to Abū Bakr.”

**3660.** Narrated ‘Ammār رَضِيَ اللهُ عَنْهُ: I saw Allāh’s Messenger ﷺ and there was none with him but five slaves, two women and Abū Bakr (i.e., those were the only converts to Islām then).

**3661.** Narrated Abū Ad-Dardā’ رَضِيَ اللهُ عَنْهُ: While I was sitting with the Prophet ﷺ, Abū Bakr came, lifting up one corner of his garment uncovering his knee. The Prophet ﷺ said, “Your companion has had a quarrel.” Abū Bakr greeted (the Prophet ﷺ) and said, “O Allāh’s Messenger! There was something (i.e., quarrel) between me and the son of Al-Khaṭṭāb. I talked to him harshly and then regretted that, and requested him to forgive me, but he refused. This is why I have come to you.” The Prophet ﷺ said thrice, “O Abū Bakr! May Allāh forgive you.” In the meanwhile,

الله ﷺ: «لَوْ كُنْتُ مَتَّخِذًا مِنْ هَذِهِ الْأُمَّةِ خَلِيلًا لَاتَّخَذْتُهُ» أَنْزَلَهُ أَبَا، يَعْنِي أَبَا بَكْرٍ.

٣٦٥٩ - حَدَّثَنَا الْحُمَيْدِيُّ وَمُحَمَّدُ بْنُ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ قَالَ: حَدَّثَنَا إِبْرَاهِيمُ بْنُ سَعْدٍ، عَنْ أَبِيهِ، عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ جُبَيْرِ بْنِ مُطْعِمٍ، عَنْ أَبِيهِ قَالَ: أَتَتْ امْرَأَةٌ النَّبِيَّ ﷺ فَأَمَرَهَا أَنْ تَرْجِعَ إِلَيْهِ قَالَتْ: أَرَأَيْتَ إِنْ جِئْتُ وَلَمْ أَجِدْكَ؟ كَأَنَّهَا تَقُولُ: الْمَوْتُ، قَالَ ﷺ: «إِنْ لَمْ تَجِدِينِي فَأْتِي أَبَا بَكْرٍ». [انظر: ٧٢٢٠، ٧٣٦٠]

٣٦٦٠ - حَدَّثَنِي أَحْمَدُ بْنُ أَبِي الطَّيِّبِ: حَدَّثَنَا إِسْمَاعِيلُ بْنُ مُجَالِيدٍ: حَدَّثَنَا بِيَانُ بْنُ بَشِيرٍ، عَنْ وَبَرَةَ بْنِ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ، عَنْ هِشَامٍ قَالَ: سَمِعْتُ عَمَّارًا يَقُولُ: رَأَيْتُ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ ﷺ وَمَا مَعَهُ إِلَّا خَمْسَةٌ أَعْبُدُ وَامْرَأَتَانِ وَأَبُو بَكْرٍ. [انظر: ٣٨٥٧]

٣٦٦١ - حَدَّثَنَا هِشَامُ بْنُ عَمَّارٍ: حَدَّثَنَا صَدَقَةُ بْنُ خَالِدٍ: حَدَّثَنَا زَيْدُ بْنُ وَاقِدٍ، عَنْ بُسْرِ بْنِ عُبَيْدِ اللَّهِ، عَنْ عَائِذِ اللَّهِ أَبِي إِدْرِيسَ، عَنْ أَبِي الدَّرْدَاءِ رَضِيَ اللهُ عَنْهُ قَالَ: كُنْتُ جَالِسًا عِنْدَ النَّبِيِّ ﷺ، إِذْ أَقْبَلَ أَبُو بَكْرٍ آخِذًا بِطَرْفِ ثَوْبِهِ حَتَّى أَبْدَى عَنْ رُكْبَتِهِ، فَقَالَ النَّبِيُّ ﷺ: «أَمَّا صَاحِبُكُمْ فَقَدْ غَامَرَ»، فَسَلَّمَ، وَقَالَ يَا

'Umar regretted (his refusal of Abū Bakr's excuse) and went to Abū Bakr's house and asked if Abū Bakr was there. They replied in the negative. So he came to the Prophet ﷺ and greeted him, but signs of displeasure appeared on the face of the Prophet ﷺ till Abū Bakr pitted ('Umar), so he knelt and said twice, "O Allāh's Messenger! By Allāh! I was more unjust to him (than he was to me)." The Prophet ﷺ said, "Allāh sent me (as a Prophet) to you (people) but you said (to me), 'You are telling a lie,' while Abū Bakr (believed in me and) said (to the people), 'He has said the truth,' and consoled me with himself and his money." He then said twice, "Won't you then give up harming my companion?" After that nobody harmed Abū Bakr.

رَسُولَ اللَّهِ: إِنَّهُ كَانَ بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَ ابْنِ  
الْحَطَّابِ شَيْءٌ، فَأَسْرَعْتُ إِلَيْهِ ثُمَّ  
نَدِمْتُ فَسَأَلْتُهُ أَنْ يُعْفِرَ لِي فَأَبَى عَلَيَّ  
فَأَقْبَلْتُ إِلَيْكَ، فَقَالَ: «يُعْفِرُ اللَّهُ لَكَ  
يَا أَبَا بَكْرٍ»، ثَلَاثًا، ثُمَّ إِنَّ عُمَرَ نَدِمَ  
فَأَتَى مَنْزِلَ أَبِي بَكْرٍ فَسَأَلَ: أَلَمْ أَكُنْ أَبُ  
بَكْرٍ؟ فَقَالُوا: لَا، فَأَتَى إِلَى النَّبِيِّ ﷺ  
فَسَلَّمَ عَلَيْهِ فَجَعَلَ وَجْهَهُ لِلنَّبِيِّ ﷺ  
يَتَمَعَّرُ حَتَّى أَشْفَقَ أَبُو بَكْرٍ فَجَثَا عَلَى  
رُكْبَتَيْهِ فَقَالَ: يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهِ أَنَا  
كُنْتُ أَظْلَمَ، مَرَّتَيْنِ، فَقَالَ النَّبِيُّ ﷺ:  
«إِنَّ اللَّهَ بَعَثَنِي إِلَيْكُمْ فَقُلْتُمْ: كَذَبْتَ،  
وَقَالَ أَبُو بَكْرٍ: صَدَقَ، وَوَأَسَانِي  
بِنَفْسِهِ وَمَالِهِ فَهَلْ أَنْتُمْ تَارِكُو لِي  
صَاحِبِي؟» مَرَّتَيْنِ، فَمَا أُودِي بَعْدَهَا.

[انظر: ٤٦٤٠]

3662. Narrated 'Amr bin Al-Āsh رضي الله عنه: The Prophet ﷺ deputed me to lead the army of *Dhāt-as-Salāsil*. I came to him and said, "Who is the most beloved person to you?" He said, "Āishah." I asked, "Among the men?" He said, "Her father." I said, "Who then?" He said, "Then 'Umar bin Al-Khaṭṭāb." He then named other men.

٣٦٦٢ - حَدَّثَنَا مُعَلَّى بْنُ أَسَدٍ:  
حَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ الْعَزِيزِ بْنُ الْمُخْتَارِ قَالَ:  
خَالِدُ الْحَدَّاءُ حَدَّثَنَا عَنْ أَبِي عُمَانَ  
قَالَ: حَدَّثَنَا عَمْرُو بْنُ الْعَاصِ رَضِيَ  
اللَّهُ عَنْهُ: أَنَّ النَّبِيَّ ﷺ بَعَثَهُ عَلَى  
جَيْشِ ذَاتِ السَّلَاسِلِ، فَأَتَيْتُهُ فَقُلْتُ:  
أَيُّ النَّاسِ أَحَبُّ إِلَيْكَ؟ قَالَ:  
«عَائِشَةُ»، فَقُلْتُ: مِنْ الرِّجَالِ؟  
فَقَالَ: «أَبُوهَا»، فَقُلْتُ: ثُمَّ مَنْ؟  
قَالَ: «ثُمَّ عُمَرُ بْنُ الْخَطَّابِ»، فَعَدَّ

رِجَالًا. [انظر: ٤٣٥٨]

3663. Narrated Abū Hurairah رضي الله عنه: I heard Allāh's Messenger ﷺ saying, "While a

٣٦٦٣ - حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو الْيَمَانِ:

shepherd was amongst his sheep, a wolf attacked them and took away one sheep. When the shepherd chased the wolf, the wolf turned towards him and said, 'Who will be its guard on the day of wild animals when nobody except I will be its shepherd'.<sup>(1)</sup> And while a man was driving a cow with a load on it, it turned towards him and spoke to him saying, 'I have not been created for this purpose (i.e., to carry burden), but for ploughing.' The people said, "Glorified be Allāh." The Prophet ﷺ said, "But I believe in it and so does Abū Bakr and 'Umar (رضي الله عنهما)."

أَخْبَرَنَا شُعَيْبٌ، عَنِ الزُّهْرِيِّ: أَخْبَرَنِي أَبُو سَلَمَةَ ابْنُ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ بْنِ عَوْفٍ: أَنَّ أَبَا هُرَيْرَةَ رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ قَالَ: سَمِعْتُ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ ﷺ يَقُولُ: «بَيْنَمَا رَاعٍ فِي عَتَمِهِ عَدَا عَلَيْهِ الذَّبُّ فَأَخَذَ مِنْهَا شَاةً فَطَلَبَهُ الرَّاعِي فَالْتَمَتَ إِلَيْهِ الذَّبُّ فَقَالَ: مَنْ لَهَا يَوْمَ السَّبْعِ يَوْمَ لَيْسَ لَهَا رَاعٍ غَيْرِي؟ وَبَيْنَمَا رَجُلٌ يَسُوقُ بَقْرَةً قَدْ حَمَلَ عَلَيْهَا فَالْتَمَتَتْ إِلَيْهِ فَكَلَّمَتْهُ فَقَالَتْ: إِنِّي لَمْ أُخْلَقْ لِهَذَا لَكِنِّي خُلِقْتُ لِلْحَرْثِ»، فَقَالَ النَّاسُ: سُبْحَانَ اللَّهِ! فَقَالَ النَّبِيُّ ﷺ: «إِنِّي أَوْمِنُ بِذَلِكَ وَأَبُو بَكْرٍ وَعُمَرُ» رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمَا. [راجع: ٢٣٢٤]

3664. Narrated Abū Hurairah رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ: I heard Allāh's Messenger ﷺ saying, "While I was sleeping, I saw myself standing at a well, on it there was a bucket. I drew water from

٣٦٦٤ - حَدَّثَنَا عَبْدَانُ: أَخْبَرَنَا عَبْدُ اللَّهِ، عَنْ يُونُسَ، عَنِ الزُّهْرِيِّ قَالَ: أَخْبَرَنِي ابْنُ الْمُسَيَّبِ: سَمِعَ أَبَا

(1) (H. 3663) It has been written that a wolf also spoke to a shepherd during the Prophet's lifetime near Al-Madīna as narrated in *Musnad Imām Ahmad* in the *Musnad* of Abu Sa'īd Al-Khudri رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ: Narrated Abu Sa'īd Al-Khudri رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ: (While a shepherd was in his herd of sheep), suddenly a wolf attacked a sheep and took it away, the shepherd chased the wolf and took back the sheep, the wolf sat on its tail and addressed the shepherd saying: "Be afraid of Allāh, you have taken the provision from me which Allāh gave me". The shepherd said: "What an amazing thing! A wolf sitting on its tail speaks to me in the language of a human being." The wolf said: "Shall I tell you something more amazing than this? There is Muḥammad, the Messenger of Allāh (ﷺ) in Yathrib (Al-Madīna) informing the people about the news of the past." Then the shepherd (after hearing that) proceeded (towards Al-Madīna) driving his sheep till he entered Al-Madīna, cornered his sheep in a place, and came to Allāh's Messenger (Muḥammad ﷺ) and informed the whole story. Allāh's Messenger ordered for the proclamation of a congregational prayer (صلاة جامعة), then he ﷺ came out and asked the shepherd to inform the people (about his story) and he informed them. Then Allāh's Messenger said: "He (the shepherd) has spoken the truth. By Him (Allāh) in Whose Hands my soul is, the Day of Resurrection will not be established till beasts of prey (سباع) speak to the human beings, and the stick lash and the shoe-laces of a person speak to him and his thigh informs him about his family as to what happened to them after him. [(Musnad Imām Ahmad, in the Musnad of Abū Sa'īd Al-Khudri]