

will come near to them.” (The narrator then mentioned the narration of intercession): “The people will go to Ibrāhīm (Abraham) and say: ‘You are Allāh’s Prophet and His *Khalīl* on the earth. Will you intercede for us with your Lord?’ Abraham will then remember his lies and say: ‘Myself! Myself! Go to Mūsa (Moses).’”⁽¹⁾ (See H. 3340)

يَجْمَعُ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ الْأَوَّلِينَ وَالْآخِرِينَ
فِي صَعِيدٍ وَاحِدٍ فَيَسْمِعُهُمُ الدَّاعِيَ
وَيُنْفِذُهُمُ الْبَصْرَ وَتَذْنُو الشَّمْسُ مِنْهُمْ .
فَذَكَرَ حَدِيثَ الشَّفَاعَةِ ، فَيَأْتُونَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ
فَيَقُولُونَ : أَنْتَ نَبِيُّ اللَّهِ وَخَلِيلُهُ مِنْ
الْأَرْضِ ، اشْفَعْ لَنَا إِلَى رَبِّكَ . وَيَقُولُ
- فَذَكَرَ كَذْبَاتِهِ - : نَفْسِي نَفْسِي .
أَذْهَبُوا إِلَى مُوسَى . تَابَعَهُ أَنَسٌ عَنِ
النَّبِيِّ ﷺ . [راجع : ٣٣٤٠]

3362. Narrated Ibn ‘Abbās رضي الله عنهما :
The Prophet ﷺ said, “May Allāh bestow His
Mercy on the mother of Ismā’il (Ishmael)!
Had she not hastened (to fill her water-skin
with water from the *Zamzam* well), *Zamzam*
would have been a stream flowing on the
surface of the earth.”

٣٣٦٢ - حَدَّثَنَا أَحْمَدُ بْنُ سَعِيدٍ
أَبُو عَبْدِ اللَّهِ : حَدَّثَنَا وَهْبُ بْنُ جَرِيرٍ ،
عَنْ أَبِيهِ ، عَنْ أَيُّوبَ ، عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ
سَعِيدِ بْنِ جُبَيْرٍ ، عَنْ أَبِيهِ ، عَنْ ابْنِ
عَبَّاسٍ رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمَا عَنِ النَّبِيِّ ﷺ
قَالَ : «يَرْحَمُ اللَّهُ أُمَّ إِسْمَاعِيلَ لَوْلَا
أَنَّهُ عَجَلَتْ لَكَانَ زَمْزَمٌ عَيْنًا مَعِينًا» .
[راجع : ٢٣٦٨]

3363. Ibn ‘Abbās further added, “(The
Prophet Ibrāhīm (Abraham) brought Ismā’il
(Ishmael) and his mother (to Makkah) and
she was suckling Isma’il, and she had a water-
skin with her.”

٣٣٦٣ - وَقَالَ الْأَنْصَارِيُّ :
حَدَّثَنَا ابْنُ جُرَيْجٍ قَالَ : أَمَا كَثِيرُ بْنُ
كَثِيرٍ فَحَدَّثَنِي قَالَ : إِنِّي وَعُثْمَانُ بْنُ
أَبِي سُلَيْمَانَ جُلُوسٌ مَعَ سَعِيدِ بْنِ
جُبَيْرٍ فَقَالَ : مَا هَكَذَا حَدَّثَنِي ابْنُ
عَبَّاسٍ وَلَكِنَّهُ قَالَ : أَقْبَلَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ
يَاسْمَاعِيلَ وَأُمَّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ السَّلَامُ وَهِيَ
تُرْضِعُهُ مَعَهَا سِنَّةٌ - لَمْ يَرْفَعْهُ - ثُمَّ
جَاءَ بِهَا إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَبَابِنَهَا إِسْمَاعِيلًا .
[راجع : ٢٣٦٨]

(1) (H. 3361) See Vol. 6, *Hadīth* No.4712.

3364. Narrated Ibn 'Abbās رضي الله عنهما [on the authority of the Prophet ﷺ (see *Fath Al-Bari*, Vol. 7)]: The first lady to use a girdle was the mother of Ismā'il (Ishmael). She used a girdle so that she might hide her tracks from Sārah.⁽¹⁾ Ibrāhīm (Abraham) brought her and her son Isma'il while she used to nurse him at her breast, to a place near the Ka'bah under a tree on the spot of Zamzam, at the highest place in the mosque. During those days there was nobody in Makkah nor was there any water. So he made them sit over there and placed near them a leather bag containing some dates, and a small water-skin containing some water, and set out homeward. Isma'il's (Ishmael) mother followed him saying, "O Ibrāhīm! Where are you going, leaving us in this valley where there is no person whose company we may enjoy, nor is there anything (to enjoy)?" She repeated that to him many times, but he did not look back at her. Then she asked him, "Has Allāh ordered you to do so?" He said, "Yes." She said, "Then He will not neglect us," and returned while Ibrāhīm proceeded onwards, and on reaching the *Thaniya* where they could not see him, he faced the Ka'bah, and raising both hands, invoked Allāh saying the following supplication :

'O our Lord! I have made some of my offspring to dwell in an uncultivable valley, by Your Sacred House (Ka'bah at Makkah).. (up to).. so that they may give thanks.' (V.14:37)

Ismā'il's mother went on suckling Ismā'il and drinking from the water (she had). When the water in the water-skin had all been used

٣٣٦٤ - وَحَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ اللَّهِ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ: حَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ الرَّزَّاقِ: أَخْبَرَنَا مَعْمَرٌ، عَنْ أَيُّوبَ السَّخْتِيَّانِيِّ وَكَثِيرِ بْنِ كَثِيرِ بْنِ الْمُطَّلِبِ بْنِ أَبِي وَدَاعَةَ، زَيْدٌ أَحَدُهُمَا عَلَى الْآخِرِ، عَنْ سَعِيدِ بْنِ جُبَيْرٍ: قَالَ ابْنُ عَبَّاسٍ: أَوَّلَ مَا اتَّخَذَ النِّسَاءُ الْمِنْطَقَ مَنْ قَبِلَ أُمَّ إِسْمَاعِيلَ، اتَّخَذَتْ مِنْطَقًا لِيُعْفِيَ أَثَرَهَا عَلَى سَارَةَ. ثُمَّ جَاءَ بِهَا إِبْرَاهِيمُ وَبَانِيهَا إِسْمَاعِيلَ وَهِيَ تُرْضِعُهُ حَتَّى وَضَعَهُمَا عِنْدَ الْبَيْتِ عِنْدَ دَوْحَةٍ فَوْقَ الزَّمْزَمِ فِي أَعْلَى الْمَسْجِدِ وَلَيْسَ بِمَكَّةَ يَوْمَئِذٍ أَحَدٌ، وَلَيْسَ بِهَا مَاءٌ فَوَضَعَهُمَا هُنَالِكَ. وَوَضَعَ عِنْدَهُمَا جِرَابًا فِيهِ تَمْرٌ وَسِقَاءٌ فِيهِ مَاءٌ ثُمَّ قَفَى إِبْرَاهِيمُ مُنْطَلِقًا. فَتَبِعَتْهُ أُمُّ إِسْمَاعِيلَ فَقَالَتْ: يَا إِبْرَاهِيمُ، أَيْنَ تَذْهَبُ وَتَتْرُكُنَا فِي هَذَا الْوَادِي الَّذِي لَيْسَ فِيهِ أُنْسٌ وَلَا شَيْءٌ؟ فَقَالَتْ لَهُ ذَلِكَ مِرَارًا. وَجَعَلَ لَا يَلْتَفِتُ إِلَيْهَا فَقَالَتْ لَهُ: اللَّهُ أَمَرَكَ بِهَذَا؟ قَالَ: نَعَمْ، قَالَتْ: إِذَنْ لَا يُضَيِّعُنَا، ثُمَّ رَجَعَتْ. فَانْطَلَقَ إِبْرَاهِيمُ حَتَّى إِذَا كَانَ عِنْدَ الثَّنِيَّةِ حَيْثُ لَا يَرَوْنَهُ اسْتَقْبَلَ بِوَجْهِهِ الْبَيْتَ ثُمَّ دَعَا بِهَؤُلَاءِ الدَّعْوَاتِ وَرَفَعَ يَدَيْهِ فَقَالَ:

(1) (H. 3364) When Ibrāhīm (Abraham) married Hājar (Agar) and she conceived Isma'il (Ishmael), Abraham's first wife Sārah, became jealous of her and swore that she would cut three parts from her body. So Hājar tied a girdle round her waist and ran away, dragging her robe behind her so as to wipe out her tracks lest Sārah should pursue her. (Allāh knows better.)

up, she became thirsty and her child also became thirsty. She started looking at him (i.e., Ismā'il) tossing in agony. She left him, for she could not endure looking at him, and found that the mountain of Aş-Şafā was the nearest mountain to her on that land. She stood on it and started looking at the valley keenly so that she might see somebody, but she could not see anybody. Then she descended from Aş-Şafā and when she reached the valley, she tucked up her robe and ran in the valley like a person in distress and trouble, till she crossed the valley and reached Al-Marwa mountain, where she stood and started looking, expecting to see somebody, but she could not see anybody. She repeated that (running between Aş-Şafā and Al-Marwa) seven times."

Ibn Abbās said: The Prophet ﷺ said, "This is the source of the tradition of *Sā'y* (the walking) of people between them (i.e., Aş-Şafā and Al-Marwa). When she reached Al-Marwa (for the last time) she heard a voice and she asked herself to be quiet and listened attentively. She heard the voice again and said, 'O, (whoever you may be)! You have made me hear your voice; have you got something to help me?' And behold! She saw an angel at the place of *Zamzam*, digging the earth with his heel (or his wing), till water flowed from that place. She started to make something like a basin around it, using her hands in this way, and started filling her water-skin with water with her hands, and the water was flowing out after she had scooped some of it." The Prophet ﷺ added, "May Allāh bestow mercy on Ismā'il's mother! Had she let the *Zamzam* (flow without trying to control it) (or had she not scooped from that water) (to fill her water-skin), *Zamzam* would have been a stream flowing on the surface of the earth." The

﴿رَبَّنَا إِنِّي أَسْكَنْتُ مِنْ ذُرِّيَّتِي بِوَادٍ غَيْرِ ذِي زَرْعٍ عِنْدَ بَيْتِكَ الْمُحَرَّمِ﴾ حَتَّى بَلَغَ ﴿يَشْكُرُونَ﴾ وَجَعَلْتَ أُمَّ إِسْمَاعِيلَ تُرْضِعُ إِسْمَاعِيلَ وَتَشْرَبُ مِنْ ذَلِكَ الْمَاءِ حَتَّى إِذَا نَفِدَ مَا فِي السَّقَاءِ عَطِشَتْ وَعَطِشَ ابْنُهَا فَجَعَلَتْ تَنْظُرُ إِلَيْهِ يَتَلَوَّى - أَوْ قَالَ: يَتَلَبَّطُ - فَاِنْطَلَقَتْ كَرَاهِيَةً أَنْ تَنْظُرَ إِلَيْهِ، فَوَجَدَتْ الصَّفَا أَقْرَبَ جَبَلٍ فِي الْأَرْضِ يَلِيهَا، فَقَامَتْ عَلَيْهِ ثُمَّ اسْتَقْبَلَتْ الْوَادِي تَنْظُرُ هَلْ تَرَى أَحَدًا فَلَمْ تَرَ أَحَدًا، فَهَبَطَتْ مِنَ الصَّفَا حَتَّى إِذَا بَلَغَتْ الْوَادِي رَفَعَتْ ظَرْفَ ذِرْعِهَا ثُمَّ سَعَتْ سَعِي الْإِنْسَانِ الْمَجْهُودِ حَتَّى جَاوَزَتْ الْوَادِي، ثُمَّ أَتَتْ الْمَرْوَةَ فَقَامَتْ عَلَيْهَا فَظَنَرَتْ هَلْ تَرَى أَحَدًا فَلَمْ تَرَ أَحَدًا، فَجَعَلَتْ ذَلِكَ سَبْعَ مَرَّاتٍ. قَالَ ابْنُ عَبَّاسٍ: قَالَ النَّبِيُّ ﷺ: «فَذَلِكَ سَعِي النَّاسِ بَيْنَهُمَا». فَلَمَّا أَشْرَفَتْ عَلَى الْمَرْوَةِ سَمِعَتْ صَوْتًا فَقَالَتْ: صَه، تُرِيدُ نَفْسَهَا، ثُمَّ تَسَمَعَتْ فَسَمِعَتْ أَيْضًا، فَقَالَتْ: قَدْ أَسْمَعْتُ إِنْ كَانَ عِنْدَكَ عُوثٌ فَإِذَا هِيَ بِالْمَلِكِ عِنْدَ مَوْضِعِ زَمْزَمَ فَبَحَثَ بِعَقِبِهِ - أَوْ قَالَ: بِجَنَاحِهِ - حَتَّى ظَهَرَ الْمَاءُ فَجَعَلَتْ تُحَوِّضُهُ وَتَقُولُ بِيَدِهَا هَكَذَا، وَجَعَلَتْ تَعْرِفُ مِنَ الْمَاءِ فِي سِقَائِهَا وَهُوَ يُفَوِّرُ بَعْدَمَا

Prophet ﷺ further added, "Then she drank (water) and suckled her child. The angel said to her, 'Don't be afraid of being neglected, for this is the House of Allāh which will be built by this boy and his father, and Allāh never neglects His people.' The House (i.e., Ka'bah) at that time was on a high place resembling a hillock, and when torrents came, they flowed to its right and left. She lived in that way till some people from the tribe of Jurhum or a family from Jurhum passed by her and her child, as they (i.e., the Jurhum people) were coming through the way of Kadā'. They landed in the lower part of Makkah where they saw a bird that had the habit of flying around water and not leaving it. They said, 'This bird must be flying around water, though we know that there is no water in this valley.' They sent one or two messengers who discovered the source of water, and returned to inform them of the water. So, they all came (towards the water)." The Prophet ﷺ added, "Isma'il's mother was sitting near the water. They asked her, 'Do you allow us to stay with you?' She replied, 'Yes, but you will have no right to possess the water.' They agreed to that." The Prophet ﷺ further said, "Isma'il's mother was pleased with the whole situation as she used to love to enjoy the company of the people. So, they settled there, and later on they sent for their families who came and settled with them so that some families became permanent residents there. The child (i.e., Ismā'il) grew up and learnt Arabic from them and (his virtues) caused them to love and admire him as he grew up, and when he reached the age of puberty they made him marry a woman from amongst them. After Isma'il's mother had died, Ibrāhīm (Abraham) came after Ismā'il's marriage in order to see his family that he

تَعْرِفُ. قَالَ ابْنُ عَبَّاسٍ: قَالَ النَّبِيُّ ﷺ: «يَرْحَمُ اللَّهُ أُمَّ إِسْمَاعِيلَ لَوْ تَرَكَتْ زَمْزَمَ - أَوْ قَالَ: لَوْ لَمْ تَعْرِفْ مِنْ زَمْزَمَ - لَكَانَتْ زَمْزَمُ عَيْنًا مَعِينًا»، قَالَ: فَفَسَّرَبَتْ وَأَرْضَصَعَتْ وَلَدَهَا، فَقَالَ لَهَا الْمَلَكُ: لَا تَخَافُوا الصَّيْعَةَ، فَإِنَّ هَذَا بَيْتَ اللَّهِ يَبْنِي هَذَا الْعُلَامُ وَأَبُوهُ، وَإِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُضِيعُ أَهْلَهُ. وَكَانَ الْبَيْتُ مُرْتَفِعًا مِنَ الْأَرْضِ كَالرَّابِيَةِ تَأْتِيهِ السُّيُولُ فَتَأْخُذُ عَنْ يَمِينِهِ وَشِمَالِهِ، فَكَانَتْ كَذَلِكَ حَتَّى مَرَّتْ بِهِمْ رُفْقَةً مِنْ جُرْهُمٍ أَوْ أَهْلِ بَيْتٍ مِنْ جُرْهُمٍ مُقْبِلِينَ مِنْ طَرِيقِ كَدَاءٍ فَنَزَلُوا فِي أَسْفَلِ مَكَّةَ فَرَأَوْا طَائِرًا عَائِفًا فَقَالُوا: إِنَّ هَذَا الطَّائِرَ لَيَدُورُ عَلَى مَاءٍ، لَعَهْدُنَا بِهَذَا الْوَادِي وَمَا فِيهِ مَاءٌ. فَأَرْسَلُوا جَرِيًّا أَوْ جَرِيَّتَيْنِ فَإِذَا هُم بِالْمَاءِ، فَارْجَعُوا فَأَخْبَرُوهُمْ بِالْمَاءِ فَأَقْبَلُوا. قَالَ: وَأُمُّ إِسْمَاعِيلَ عِنْدَ الْمَاءِ. فَقَالُوا: أَتَأْذِينِ لَنَا أَنْ نَنْزِلَ عِنْدِكَ؟ قَالَتْ: نَعَمْ، وَلَكِنْ لَا حَقَّ لَكُمْ فِي الْمَاءِ، قَالُوا: نَعَمْ. قَالَ ابْنُ عَبَّاسٍ: قَالَ النَّبِيُّ ﷺ: «فَأَلْفَى ذَلِكَ أُمَّ إِسْمَاعِيلَ وَهِيَ تُحِبُّ الْأَنْسَ» فَنَزَلُوا وَأَرْسَلُوا إِلَى أَهْلِيهِمْ فَنَزَلُوا مَعَهُمْ حَتَّى إِذَا كَانَ بِهَا أَهْلُ أَبْيَاتٍ مِنْهُمْ، وَشَبَّ الْعُلَامُ وَتَعَلَّمَ الْعَرَبِيَّةَ مِنْهُمْ. وَأَنْفَسَهُمْ وَأَعْجَبَهُمْ حِينَ

had left long ago, but he did not find Ismā'il there. When he asked Ismā'il's wife about him, she replied, 'He has gone in search of our livelihood.' Then he asked her about their way of living and their condition, and she replied, 'We are living in misery; we are living in hardship and destitution,' complaining to him. He said, 'When your husband returns, convey my salutation to him and tell him to change the threshold of the gate (of his house).' When Ismā'il came, he seemed to have felt something unusual, so he asked his wife, 'Has anyone visited you?' She replied, 'Yes, an old man of so-and-so description came and asked me about you and I informed him, and he asked about our state of living, and I told him that we were living in hardship and poverty.' On that Ismā'il said, 'Did he advise you anything?' She replied, 'Yes, he told me to convey his salutation to you and to tell you to change the threshold of your gate.' Ismā'il said, 'It was my father, and he has ordered me to divorce you. Go back to your family.' So, Ismā'il divorced her and married another woman from amongst them (i.e., Jurhum). Then Ibrāhīm (Abraham) stayed away from them for a period as long as Allāh wished and called on them again but did not find Ismā'il. So he came to Ismā'il's wife and asked her about Ismā'il. She said, 'He has gone in search of our livelihood.' Ibrāhīm (Abraham) asked her, 'How are you getting on?' asking her about their sustenance and living. She replied, 'We are prosperous and well-off (i.e., we have everything in abundance).' Then she thanked Allāh عزَّ وجلَّ. Ibrāhīm (Abraham) asked, 'What kind of food do you eat?' She said, 'Meat.' He said, 'What do you drink?' She said, 'Water.' He said, 'O Allāh! Bless their meat and water.'" The Prophet ﷺ added, "At that time they did not

شَبَّ، فَلَمَّا أَدْرَكَ زَوْجُوهُ امْرَأَةً مِنْهُمْ . وَمَاتَتْ أُمُّ إِسْمَاعِيلَ فَجَاءَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ بَعْدَمَا تَزَوَّجَ إِسْمَاعِيلُ يَطَالِعُ تَرِكْتَهُ فَلَمْ يَجِدْ إِسْمَاعِيلَ . فَسَأَلَ امْرَأَتَهُ عَنْهُ فَقَالَتْ : خَرَجَ يَتَّبِعُنِي لَنَا، ثُمَّ سَأَلَهَا عَنْ عَيْشِهِمْ وَهَيْئَتِهِمْ، فَقَالَتْ : نَحْنُ بِشَرِّ، نَحْنُ فِي ضَيْقٍ وَشِدَّةٍ، فَشَكَتَ إِلَيْهِ، قَالَ : فَإِذَا جَاءَ زَوْجُكَ أَقْرَأَنِي عَلَيْهِ السَّلَامَ وَقُولِي لَهُ يُعَيِّرُ عَتَبَةَ بَابِهِ . فَلَمَّا جَاءَ إِسْمَاعِيلُ كَأَنَّهُ آتَسَ شَيْئًا فَقَالَ : هَلْ جَاءَكُمْ مِنْ أَحَدٍ؟ قَالَتْ : نَعَمْ، جَاءَنَا شَيْخٌ كَذَا وَكَذَا فَسَأَلْنَا عَنْكَ فَأَخْبَرْتُهُ، وَسَأَلَنِي كَيْفَ عَيْشُنَا، فَأَخْبَرْتُهُ أَنَا فِي جَهْدٍ وَشِدَّةٍ، قَالَ : فَهَلْ أَوْصَاكَ بِشَيْءٍ؟ قَالَتْ : نَعَمْ، أَمَرَنِي أَنْ أَقْرَأَ عَلَيْكَ السَّلَامَ وَيَقُولُ : عَيِّرْ عَتَبَةَ بَابِكَ . قَالَ : ذَلِكَ أَبِي، وَقَدْ أَمَرَنِي أَنْ أَفَارِقَكَ، الْحَقِيقِي بِأَهْلِكَ فَطَلَّقَهَا . وَتَزَوَّجَ مِنْهُمْ امْرَأَةً أُخْرَى . فَلَبِثَ عَنْهُمْ إِبْرَاهِيمُ مَا شَاءَ اللَّهُ ثُمَّ أَتَاهُمْ بَعْدَ قَلَمٍ يَجِدُهُ . فَدَخَلَ عَلَى امْرَأَتِهِ فَسَأَلَهَا عَنْهُ فَقَالَتْ : خَرَجَ يَتَّبِعُنِي لَنَا، قَالَ : كَيْفَ أَنْتُمْ؟ وَسَأَلَهَا عَنْ عَيْشِهِمْ وَهَيْئَتِهِمْ . فَقَالَتْ : نَحْنُ بِخَيْرٍ وَسَعَةٍ، وَأَنْتَ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَجَلَّ، فَقَالَ : مَا طَعَامُكُمْ؟ قَالَتْ : اللَّحْمُ، قَالَ : فَمَا شَرَابُكُمْ؟ قَالَتْ : الْمَاءُ، قَالَ : اللَّهُمَّ بَارِكْ لَهُمْ فِي

have grain, and if they had grain, he would have also invoked Allāh to bless it.” The Prophet ﷺ added, “If somebody has only these two things as his sustenance, his health and disposition will be badly affected, unless he lives in Makkah.” The Prophet ﷺ added, “Then Ibrāhīm (Abraham) said to Ismā’il’s wife, ‘When your husband comes, give my regards to him and tell him that he should keep firm the threshold of his gate.’ When Ismā’il came back, he asked his wife, ‘Did anyone call on you?’ She replied, ‘Yes, a good-looking old man came to me,’ so she praised him and added: ‘He asked about you, and I informed him, and he asked about our livelihood and I told him that we were in a good condition.’ Ismā’il asked her, ‘Did he give you any piece of advice?’ She said, ‘Yes, he told me to give his regards to you and ordered that you should keep firm the threshold of your gate.’ On that Ismā’il said, ‘It was my father, and you are the threshold (of the gate). He has ordered me to keep you with me.’ Then Ibrāhīm (Abraham) stayed away from them for a period as long as Allāh wished, and called on them afterwards. He saw Ismā’il under a tree near *Zamzam*, sharpening his arrows. When he saw Ibrāhīm (Abraham), he rose up to welcome him (and they greeted each other as a father does with his son or a son does with his father). Ibrāhīm (Abraham) said, ‘O Ismā’il! Allāh has given me an order.’ Ismā’il said, ‘Do what your Lord has ordered you to do.’ Ibrāhīm (Abraham) asked, ‘Will you help me?’ Ismā’il said, ‘I will help you.’ Ibrāhīm (Abraham) said, ‘Allāh has ordered me to build a house here, pointing to a hillock higher than the land surrounding it.’” The Prophet ﷺ added: “Then they raised the foundations of the House (i.e., the Ka’bah). Ismā’il brought the stones and Ibrāhīm

اللَّحْمِ وَالْمَاءِ. قَالَ النَّبِيُّ ﷺ: «وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُمْ يَوْمَئِذٍ حَبٌّ، وَلَوْ كَانَ لَهُمْ دَعَا لَهُمْ فِيهِ». قَالَ: فَهَمَا لَا يَخْلُو عَلَيْهِمَا أَحَدٌ بَعِيرٌ مَكَّةَ إِلَّا لَمْ يُوَافِقَاهُ، قَالَ: فِإِذَا جَاءَ زَوْجُكَ فَأَقْرَنِي عَلَيْهِ السَّلَامَ وَمُرِيهِ يُثْبِتُ عَتَبَةَ بَابِي. فَلَمَّا جَاءَ إِسْمَاعِيلُ قَالَ: هَلْ أَتَاكُمْ مِنْ أَحَدٍ؟ قَالَتْ: نَعَمْ، أَتَانَا شَيْخٌ حَسَنُ الْهَيْئَةِ وَأَتْنَتْ عَلَيْهِ، فَسَأَلَنِي عَنْكَ فَأَخْبَرْتُهُ، فَسَأَلَنِي كَيْفَ عَيْشُنَا؟ فَأَخْبَرْتُهُ أَنَا بِخَيْرٍ، قَالَ: فَأَوْصَاكَ بِشَيْءٍ؟ قَالَتْ: نَعَمْ، هُوَ يَقْرَأُ عَلَيْكَ السَّلَامَ وَيَأْمُرُكَ أَنْ تُثْبِتَ عَتَبَةَ بَابِكَ، قَالَ: ذَلِكَ أَبِي وَأَنْتِ الْعَتَبَةُ، أَمَرَنِي أَنْ أُمْسِكَكَ، ثُمَّ لَبِثَ عَنْهُمْ مَا شَاءَ اللَّهُ ثُمَّ جَاءَ بَعْدَ ذَلِكَ وَإِسْمَاعِيلُ يَبْرِي نَبَلًا لَهُ تَحْتَ دَوْحَةٍ قَرِيبًا مِنْ زَمْزَمَ، فَلَمَّا رَأَاهُ قَامَ إِلَيْهِ فَصَنَعَا كَمَا يَصْنَعُ الْوَالِدُ بِالْوَلَدِ وَالْوَالِدُ بِالْوَالِدِ. ثُمَّ قَالَ: يَا إِسْمَاعِيلُ، إِنَّ اللَّهَ أَمَرَنِي بِأَمْرٍ، قَالَ: فَاصْنَعْ مَا أَمَرَكَ رَبُّكَ، قَالَ: وَتُعِينُنِي؟ قَالَ: وَأَعِينُكَ. قَالَ: فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ أَمَرَنِي أَنْ أَبْنِيَ هَاهُنَا بَيْتًا، وَأَشَارَ إِلَى أَكْمَةِ مُرْتَفِعَةٍ عَلَى مَا حَوْلَهَا. قَالَ: فَعِنْدَ ذَلِكَ رَفَعَا الْقَوَاعِدَ مِنَ الْبَيْتِ، فَجَعَلَ إِسْمَاعِيلُ يَأْتِي بِالْحِجَارَةِ وَإِبْرَاهِيمُ يَبْنِي حَتَّى إِذَا ارْتَفَعَ الْبِنَاءُ جَاءَ بِهَذَا الْحَجَرِ فَوَضَعَهُ

(Abraham) was building, and when the walls became high, Ismā'il brought this stone⁽¹⁾ and put it for Ibrāhīm who stood over it and carried on building, while Ismā'il was handing him the stones, and both of them were saying:

'...Our Lord! Accept (this service) from us. Verily! You are the All-Hearer, the All-Knower.' (V. 2:127)

The Prophet ﷺ added, "Then both of them went on building and going round the Ka'bah saying:

'Our Lord! Accept (this service) from us. Verily! You are the All-Hearer, the All-Knower.'" (V.2:127)

3365. Narrated Ibn 'Abbās رضي الله عنهما: (On the authority of the Prophet ﷺ) (See *Hadith* No. 3364). When Ibrāhīm (Abraham) had differences with his wife, [because of her jealousy of Hājar, Ismā'il's (Ishmael) mother], he took Ishmael and his mother and went away. They had a water-skin with them containing some water, Ismā'il's mother used to drink water from the water-skin so that her milk would increase for her child. When Ibrāhīm reached Makkah, he made her sit under a tree and afterwards returned home. Ismā'il's mother followed him, and when they reached Kadā', she called him from behind, 'O Ibrāhīm! To whom are you leaving us?' He replied, '(I am leaving you) to Allāh's (Care).' She said, 'I am satisfied to be with Allāh.' She returned to her place and started drinking water from the water-skin, and her milk increased for her child. When the water had all been used up, she said to herself, 'I'd better go and look so that I may see somebody.' She ascended Aṣ-Ṣafā mountain and looked, hoping to see somebody, but in vain. When she came down to the valley, she ran till she reached Al-

لَهُ فَقَامَ عَلَيْهِ وَهُوَ يَبْنِي وَإِسْمَاعِيلُ يُنَاوِلُهُ الْحِجَارَةَ وَهُمَا يَقُولَانِ: ﴿رَبَّنَا قَبَّلْ مِنَّا مِثْلَ مَا أَنْتَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ﴾ قَالَ: فَجَعَلَا بَيْنَيْنَا حَتَّى يَدُورَا حَوْلَ الْبَيْتِ وَهُمَا يَقُولَانِ: ﴿رَبَّنَا قَبَّلْ مِنَّا مِثْلَ مَا أَنْتَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ﴾ [البقرة:

١٢٧] . [راجع: ٢٣٦٨]

٣٣٦٥ - حَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ اللَّهِ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ: حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو عَامِرٍ عَبْدُ الْمَلِكِ بْنُ عَمْرِو قَالَ: حَدَّثَنَا إِبْرَاهِيمُ بْنُ نَافِعٍ، عَنْ كَثِيرِ بْنِ كَثِيرٍ، عَنْ سَعِيدِ بْنِ جُبَيْرٍ، عَنِ ابْنِ عَبَّاسٍ رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمَا قَالَ: لَمَّا كَانَ بَيْنَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَبَيْنَ أَهْلِهِ مَا كَانَ؛ خَرَجَ بِإِسْمَاعِيلَ وَأُمِّ إِسْمَاعِيلَ وَمَعَهُمْ شَنَّةٌ فِيهَا مَاءٌ. فَجَعَلَتْ أُمُّ إِسْمَاعِيلَ تَشْرَبُ مِنَ الشَّنَّةِ فَيَدِرُّ لَبْنُهَا عَلَى صَبِيهَا، حَتَّى قَدِمَ مَكَّةَ فَوَضَعَهَا تَحْتَ دَوْحَةٍ ثُمَّ رَجَعَ إِبْرَاهِيمُ إِلَى أَهْلِهِ فَاتَّبَعَتْهُ أُمُّ إِسْمَاعِيلَ حَتَّى لَمَّا بَلَغُوا كَدَا نَادَتْهُ مِنْ وَرَائِهِ: يَا إِبْرَاهِيمُ، إِلَى مَنْ تَرُكُنَا؟ قَالَ: إِلَى اللَّهِ، قَالَتْ: رَضِيتُ بِاللَّهِ. قَالَ: فَرَجَعَتْ فَجَعَلَتْ تَشْرَبُ مِنَ الشَّنَّةِ وَيَدِرُّ لَبْنُهَا عَلَى صَبِيهَا حَتَّى لَمَّا فَتَنِي

(1) (H. 3364) See the footnote of *Hadith* No. 3365.

Marwa mountain. She ran to and fro (between the two mountains) many times. Then she said to herself, 'I'd better go and see the state of the child,' she went and found the child in a state of one on the point of dying. She could not endure to watch it dying and said (to herself), 'If I go and look, I may find somebody.' She went and ascended Aş-Şafā mountain and looked for a long while but could not find anybody. Thus she completed seven rounds (of running) between Aş-Şafā and Al-Marwa. Again she said (to herself), 'I'd better go back and see the state of the child.' But suddenly she heard a voice, and she said to that strange voice, 'Help us if you can offer any help.' Lo! It was Jibrīl (Gabriel) (who had made the voice). Jibrīl hit the earth with his heel like this (Ibn 'Abbās hit the earth with his heel to illustrate it), and so the water gushed out. Ismā'il's mother was astonished and started digging. (Abul-Qāsim) (i.e., the Prophet ﷺ) said, "If she had left the water, (flow naturally without her intervention), it would have been flowing like a (stream) on the surface of the earth." Ismā'il's mother started drinking from the water and her milk increased for her child. Afterwards some people of the tribe of Jurhum, while passing through the bottom of the valley, saw some birds, and that astonished them, and they said, 'Birds can only be found at a place where there is water.' They sent a messenger who searched the place and found the water, and returned to inform them about it. Then they all went to her and said, 'O Ishmael's mother! Will you allow us to be with you (or dwell with you)?' (And thus they stayed there.) Later on, her boy reached the age of puberty and married a lady from them. Then an idea occurred to Ibrāhīm (Abraham) which he disclosed to his wife (Sārah), 'I want

الماء قالت: لو ذهبت فنظرت لعلّي أحسّ أحداً، فذهبت فصعدت الصفا فنظرت. ونظرت هل تحسّ أحداً فلم تحسّ أحداً. فلما بلغت الوادي سعت وأتب المروة وفعلت ذلك أشواطاً. ثم قالت: لو ذهبت فنظرت ما فعل، تعني الصبي، فذهبت فنظرت فإذا هو على حاله كأنه ينسج للموت. فلم تفرها نفسها، فقالت: لو ذهبت فنظرت لعلّي أحسّ أحداً، فذهبت، فصعدت الصفا، فنظرت ونظرت فلم تحسّ أحداً، حتى أمت سبعا، ثم قالت: لو ذهبت فنظرت ما فعل فإذا هي بصوت، فقالت: أغث إن كان عندك خير، فإذا جبريل، قال: فقال بعقبه هكذا وعمر عقبه على الأرض. قال: فابتنق الماء فدهشت أم إسماعيل فجعلت تحفر. قال: فقال أبو القاسم ﷺ: «لو تركته كان الماء ظاهراً»، قال: فجعلت تشرب من الماء ويدر لبها على صبيها، قال: فمرّ ناس من جرهم بطن الوادي، فإذا هم بطير كأنهم أنكروا ذلك، وقالوا: ما يكون الطير إلا على ماء، فبعثوا رسولهم فنظروا فإذا هم بالماء، فاتاهم فأخبرهم فاتوا إليها فقالوا: يا أم إسماعيل، أتأذنين لنا أن نكون معك

to call on my dependents I left (at Makkah).’ When he went there, he greeted (Ismā’il’s wife) and said, ‘Where is Ismā’il?’ She replied, ‘He has gone out hunting.’ Ibrāhīm (Abraham) said (to her), ‘When he comes, tell him to change the threshold of his gate.’ When he came, she told him the same whereupon Ismā’il said to her, ‘You are the threshold, so go to your family (i.e., you are divorced).’ Again Ibrāhīm (Abraham) thought of visiting his dependents whom he had left (at Makkah), and he told his wife (Sārah) of his intentions. Ibrāhīm (Abraham) came to Ismā’il’s house and asked, ‘Where is Ismā’il?’ Ismā’il’s wife replied, ‘He has gone out hunting,’ and added, ‘Will you stay (for some time) and have something to eat and drink?’ Ibrāhīm (Abraham) asked, ‘What is your food and what is your drink?’ She replied, ‘Our food is meat and our drink is water.’ He said, ‘O Allāh! Give Your Blessings in their food and in their drink.’ Abul-Qāsim (i.e., Prophet ﷺ) said, “Because of Ibrāhīm’s invocation there are blessings (in Makkah).” Once more Ibrāhīm (Abraham) thought of visiting his family he had left (at Makkah), so he told his wife (Sārah) of his decision. He went and found Ismā’il behind the Zamzam well, mending his arrows. He said, “O Ismā’il, Your Lord has ordered me to build a house for Him.” Ismā’il said, “Obey (the order of) your Lord.” Ibrāhīm (Abraham) said, “Allāh has also ordered me that you should help me therein.” Ishmael said, “Then I will do.” So, both of them rose and Ibrāhīm started building (the Ka’bah) while Ismā’il went on handing him the stones, and both of them were saying, “Our Lord! Accept (this service) from us. Verily! You are the All-Hearing, the All-Knower.” (V.2:127). When the building became high and the old man

أَوْ نَسُكُنَ مَعَكَ؟ فَبَلَغَ ابْنُهَا فَفَكَحَّ فِيهِمْ امْرَأَةً. قَالَ: ثُمَّ إِنَّهُ بَدَأَ لِإِبْرَاهِيمَ فَقَالَ لِأَهْلِهِ: إِنِّي مُطَّلِعٌ تَرَكْتِي، قَالَ: فَجَاءَ فَسَلَّمَ فَقَالَ: أَيْنَ إِسْمَاعِيلُ؟ فَقَالَتْ امْرَأَتُهُ: ذَهَبَ يَصِيدُ، قَالَ: فَوَلِي لَهُ إِذَا جَاءَ: غَيْرَ عَتَبَةَ بِأَبِيكَ، فَلَمَّا جَاءَ أَخْبَرْتُهُ فَقَالَ: أَنْتِ ذَاكَ فَادْهَبِي إِلَى أَهْلِكَ. قَالَ: ثُمَّ إِنَّهُ بَدَأَ لِإِبْرَاهِيمَ فَقَالَ لِأَهْلِهِ: إِنِّي مُطَّلِعٌ تَرَكْتِي، قَالَ: فَجَاءَ فَقَالَ: أَيْنَ إِسْمَاعِيلُ؟ فَقَالَتْ امْرَأَتُهُ: ذَهَبَ يَصِيدُ، فَقَالَتْ: أَلَا تَنْزِلُ فَتَطْعَمَ وَتَشْرَبَ؟ فَقَالَ: وَمَا طَعَامُكُمْ وَمَا شَرَابُكُمْ؟ قَالَتْ: طَعَامُنَا اللَّحْمُ وَشَرَابُنَا الْمَاءُ، قَالَ: اللَّهُمَّ بَارِكْ لَهُمْ فِي طَعَامِهِمْ وَشَرَابِهِمْ قَالَ: فَقَالَ أَبُو الْقَاسِمِ (ﷺ): «بِرَكَّةٍ بِدَعْوَةِ إِبْرَاهِيمَ (ﷺ)». قَالَ: ثُمَّ إِنَّهُ بَدَأَ لِإِبْرَاهِيمَ فَقَالَ لِأَهْلِهِ: إِنِّي مُطَّلِعٌ تَرَكْتِي، فَجَاءَ فَوَافَقَ إِسْمَاعِيلَ مِنْ وِجَاءِ زَمْزَمَ يُصْلِحُ نَبْلًا لَهُ، فَقَالَ: يَا إِسْمَاعِيلُ: إِنَّ رَبَّكَ أَمَرَنِي أَنْ أُنْبِيَّ لَهُ بَيْتًا، قَالَ: أَطْعَمَ رَبَّكَ، قَالَ: إِنَّهُ قَدْ أَمَرَنِي أَنْ تُعِينَنِي عَلَيْهِ، قَالَ: إِذْنًا أَفْعَلْ، أَوْ كَمَا قَالَ، قَالَ: فَكَمَا فَجَعَلَ إِبْرَاهِيمُ بَيْتِي، وَإِسْمَاعِيلُ يُنَاوِلُهُ الْحِجَارَةَ وَيُقُولَان: ﴿رَبَّنَا نَقْبَلْ مِنَّا إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ﴾ قَالَ: حَتَّى ارْتَفَعَ الْبِنَاءُ

(i.e., Ibrāhīm) could no longer lift the stones (to such a high position), he stood over the stone of *Al-Maqām*⁽¹⁾ and Ismā'il carried on handing him the stones, and both of them were saying, 'Our Lord! Accept (this service) form us. Verily! You are All-Hearer, All-Knower.' (V.2:127)

(10) CHAPTER.

3366. Narrated Abū Dh̄har رَضِيَ اللهُ عَنْهُ Abū Dh̄har said, "O Allāh's Messenger! Which mosque was first built on the surface of the earth?" He said, "Al-Masjid-al-Ḥarām (at Makkah)." I said, "Which (was built) next?" He replied, "Al-Masjid-al-Aqṣā (at Jerusalem)." I said, "What was the period of construction between the two?" He said, "Forty years." He added, "Wherever (you may be, and) the *Ṣalāt* (prayer) time becomes due, perform the *Ṣalāt* there, for the best thing is to do so [i.e., to offer the *Ṣalāt* (prayer) in time]."

3367. Narrated Anas bin Mālīk رَضِيَ اللهُ عَنْهُ Anas bin Mālīk said: "This is a mountain that loves us and is loved by us. O Allāh! Ibrāhīm (Abraham) made Makkah a sanctuary, and I make (the area) in between these two mountains (of Al-Madīna) a sanctuary."

وَضَعَفَ الشَّيْخُ عَنْ نَقْلِ الْحِجَارَةِ فَقَامَ عَلَى حَجَرِ الْمَقَامِ فَجَعَلَ يُنَاوِلُهُ الْحِجَارَةَ وَيَقُولَانِ: ﴿رَبَّنَا نَقْبَلْ مِنَّا إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ﴾ [البقرة: ١٢٧]. [راجع: ٢٣٦٨]

(١٠) بَابٌ:

٣٣٦٦ - حَدَّثَنَا مُوسَى بْنُ إِسْمَاعِيلَ: حَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ الْوَاحِدِ: حَدَّثَنَا الْأَعْمَشُ: حَدَّثَنَا إِبْرَاهِيمُ التَّمِيمِيُّ، عَنْ أَبِيهِ قَالَ: سَمِعْتُ أَبَا ذَرٍّ رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ قَالَ: قُلْتُ: يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ، أَيُّ مَسْجِدٍ وُضِعَ فِي الْأَرْضِ أَوْلَى؟ قَالَ: «الْمَسْجِدُ الْحَرَامُ»، قَالَ: قُلْتُ: ثُمَّ أَيٌّ؟ قَالَ: «الْمَسْجِدُ الْأَقْصَى». قُلْتُ: كَمْ كَانَ بَيْنَهُمَا؟ قَالَ: «أَرْبَعُونَ سَنَةً، ثُمَّ أَنْيَمَا أَذْرَكَتْكَ الصَّلَاةُ بَعْدُ فَصَلَّهُ فَإِنَّ الْفَضْلَ فِيهِ». [انظر: ٣٤٢٥]

٣٣٦٧ - حَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ اللَّهِ بْنُ مَسْلَمَةَ، عَنْ مَالِكٍ، عَنْ عَمْرِو بْنِ أَبِي عَمْرِو مَوْلَى الْمُطَّلِبِ، عَنْ أَنَسِ بْنِ مَالِكٍ رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ: أَنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ ﷺ طَلَعَ لَهُ أَحَدًا فَقَالَ: «هَذَا جَبَلٌ يُحِبُّنَا وَنُحِبُّهُ. اللَّهُمَّ إِنَّ إِبْرَاهِيمَ حَرَّمَ مَكَّةَ وَإِنِّي أَحَرَّمُ مَا بَيْنَ لَابَتَيْهَا». وَرَوَاهُ عَبْدُ اللَّهِ بْنُ زَيْدٍ عَنِ النَّبِيِّ ﷺ.

[راجع: ٣٧١]

(1) (H. 3365) This very stone is still preserved in *Al-Masjid-al-Ḥarām* (the Sacred Mosque in Makkah) and is situated between the Ka'bah and *Zamzam*, and one can see the footmarks of Ibrāhīm over it.